This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

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1 (original) A method of manufacturing a hearing-aid
 2 shell, comprising the steps of:
 3 nonuniformly thickening a three-dimensional digital model
 4 of a shell surface about a directed path thereon to
 5 define a thickened model; and
 6 generating an undersurface hearing-aid vent in the
 7 thickened model of the shell surface, at a location

proximate the directed path.

- 2. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the digital model of the shell surface is a 2-manifold or 2-manifold with nonzero boundary; and wherein the thickened model of the shell surface is a watertight model that is free of self-intersections.
- 1 3. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, further 2 comprising the step of uniformly thickening the digital model 3 of the shell surface relative to the partially offset inner 4 shell surface to determine an entirely offset inner shell 5 surface, and wherein said nonuniformly thickening step 6 comprises the step[[s]] of[[:]] nonuniformly thickening the 7 digital model of the shell surface about the directed path to 8 determine a partially offset inner shell surface. [[;]] and 9 uniformly thickening the digital model of the shell surface 10 relative to the partially offset inner shell surface to 11 determine an entirely offset inner shell surface.
- 4. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said
 2 nonuniformly thickening step comprises the steps of:

- 3 nonuniformly thickening the digital model of the shell 4 surface about the directed path to determine a 5 partially offset inner shell surface; and 6 nonuniformly thickening the digital model of the shell 7 surface having the partially offset inner shell 8 surface to determine an entirely offset inner shell 9 surface.
- 1 5. (original) The method of Claim 3, wherein said 2 nonuniformly thickening step comprises thickening the digital 3 model of the shell surface using a bump function constructed 4 around a kernel defined by the directed path.
- 1 6. (original) The method of Claim 5, wherein said 2 nonuniformly thickening step comprises the steps of: 3 determining a first offset of the directed path normal to 4 the shell surface; and 5 determining a respective normalized adjusted normal for 6 each of a plurality of vertices on the directed path 7 using parametrizations proportional to a distance 8 between the directed path and the first offset of 9

the directed path.

- 7. (currently amended) The method of Claim 6, wherein said nonuniformly thickening step comprises determining a respective normalized adjusted normal for each of [[a]] the plurality of first vertices on the digital model of the shell surface that are within a support of the bump function, by mixing an estimated normal at the respective first vertex with the normalized adjusted normal at a nearest vertex on the directed path.
- 1 8. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the digital 2 model of the shell surface is a surface triangulation that

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- 3 includes the plurality of first vertices; and wherein the
- 4 directed path includes at least one vertex that is not a
- 5 vertex of the surface triangulation.
- 1 9. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein said
- 2 nonuniformly thickening step comprises locally thickening the
- 3 digital model of the shell surface by moving a first vertex on
- 4 the digital model of the shell surface along a respective
- 5 normalized adjusted normal at the first vertex.
- 1 10. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein the first
- 2 vertex is moved a distance defined by the bump function.
- 1 11. (original) The method of Claim 2, wherein said
- 2 nonuniformly thickening step comprises the steps of:
- 3 uniformly thickening the digital model of the shell
- 4 surface to determine an entirely offset inner shell
- 5 surface; and then
- 6 nonuniformly thickening the digital model of the shell
- 7 surface about the directed path.
- 1 12. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said
- 2 generating step comprises the steps of:
- determining an axis of the vent in the thickened model of
- 4 the shell surface; and
- 5 determining a surface of the vent about the axis.
- 1 13. (original) The method of Claim 12, wherein the
- 2 digital model of the shell surface is a 2-manifold with
- 3 nonzero boundary; wherein the directed path includes beginning
- 4 and termination points on the digital model of the shell
- 5 surface; and wherein the axis of the vent is offset from the
- 6 directed path adjacent the beginning point and meets the
- 7 directed path adjacent the termination point.

- 14. (original) The method of Claim 12, wherein the
 2 surface of the vent is a triangulation.
- 1 15. (original) The method of Claim 14, wherein the
- 2 thickened model of the shell surface has a nonuniformly thick
- 3 rim; and wherein the surface of the vent intersects the
- 4 thickened model of the shell surface at a thickest part of the
- 5 rim.
- 1 16. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said
 2 generating step comprises the steps of:
- determining an axis of the vent in the thickened model of
 the shell surface;
- 5 determining for each of a plurality of points on the
- 6 axis, a respective plane that is normal to the axis
- 7 and passes through the respective point; and
- 8 determining for each plane a respective circle having a
- 9 center on the axis.
- 1 17. (original) The method of Claim 16, further comprising 2 the steps of:
- 3 tilting a first plurality of the planes to reduce
- 4 interferences; and
- 5 projecting each circle associated with the first
- 6 plurality of tilted planes as an ellipse on the
- 7 respective tilted plane.
- 1 18. (original) The method of Claim 17, further comprising
- 2 the step of determining a surface of the vent by connecting
- 3 the ellipses on the first plurality of tilted planes.
- 1 19. (original) The method of Claim 18, wherein the
- 2 digital model of the shell surface is a 2-manifold with

- 3 nonzero boundary; wherein the directed path includes beginning
- 4 and termination points on the digital model of the shell
- 5 surface; and wherein the axis of the vent is offset from the
- 6 directed path adjacent the beginning point and meets the
- 7 directed path adjacent the termination point.
- 1 20. (original) The method of Claim 19, wherein the
- 2 surface of the vent is a triangulation.
- 1 21. (original) The method of Claim 20, wherein the
- 2 thickened model of the shell surface has a nonuniformly thick
- 3 rim; and wherein the surface of the vent intersects the
- 4 thickened model of the shell surface at a thickest part of the
- 5 rim.
- 1 22. (original) A method of manufacturing a hearing-aid
- 2 shell, comprising the steps of:
- 3 generating a three-dimensional digital model of a
- 4 hearing-aid shell surface from point cloud data;
- 5 automatically nonuniformly thickening the digital model
- 6 about a directed path that identifies a desired
- 7 location of an undersurface hearing-aid vent, to
- 8 determine a thickened model having an entirely
- 9 offset inner shell surface; and
- 10 generating the vent in the thickened model, at a location
- 11 proximate the directed path.
- 1 23. (original) The method of Claim 22, wherein the
- 2 thickened model is a watertight model that is free of self-
- 3 intersections.
- 1 24. (original) The method of Claim 22, wherein said
- 2 generating step is preceded by the step of generating point
- 3 cloud data by scanning an imprint of an ear canal of a user.

- 1 25. (currently amended) The method of Claim 23, wherein 2 said step of generating [[a]] the vent is followed by the step 3 of printing a hearing-aid shell having a nonuniform thickness 4 and a vent extending therethrough, based on the thickened 5 model.
- 26. (original) A method of manufacturing a hearing-aid shell, comprising the step of: generating a watertight model of a hearing-aid shell by nonuniformly thickening a digital model of a hearing-aid shell surface about a portion of the shell surface that defines a desired location of an undersurface hearing-aid vent.
- 1 27. (currently amended) The method of Claim 26. wherein 2 said step of generating [[a]] the watertight model comprises 3 nonuniformly thickening the digital model using a bump 4 function constructed around a kernel defined by a set of 5 points on the shell surface.
- 1 28. (original) The method of Claim 27, wherein the bump 2 function is derived from a Gaussian distribution function or a 3 spline function.
- 1 29. (original) The method of Claim 26, wherein said step 2 of generating a watertight model is preceded by the steps of: 3 generating a volume triangulation from point cloud data 4 describing a shape of an ear canal of a subject; 5 generating a first surface triangulation that is a 2-6 manifold from the volume triangulation; and 7 generating a second surface triangulation that is a 2-8 manifold with nonzero boundary from the first 9 surface triangulation by cutting the first 10 triangulation along a plane.

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         30. (currently amended) The method of Claim 29 further
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    comprising the step of generating [[a]] the hearing-aid vent
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    in the thickened model by:
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         determining an axis of the hearing-aid vent in the
 5
              thickened model; and
 6
         determining a surface of the hearing-aid vent about the
 7
              axis.
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         31. (original) The method of Claim 26, further comprising
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    the step of generating the hearing-aid vent in the thickened
 3
    model by:
 4
         determining an axis of the hearing-aid vent in the
 5
              thickened model; and
 6
         determining a surface of the hearing-aid vent about the
 7
              axis.
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         32. (original) A method of manufacturing a hearing-aid
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    shell, comprising the steps of:
 3
         generating a surface triangulation of the hearing-aid
 4
              shell from point cloud data describing a shape of at
 5
              least a portion of an ear canal of a subject;
 6
         generating a watertight 2-manifold triangulation of the
7
              hearing-aid shell from the surface triangulation;
8
         generating a 2-manifold with nonzero boundary
9
              triangulation of the vent that is compatible with
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              the watertight 2-manifold triangulation of the
11
              hearing aid shell; and
12
         printing a three-dimensional hearing-aid shell based on
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              the watertight 2-manifold triangulation of the
14
              hearing-aid shell and the 2-manifold with nonzero
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              boundary vent triangulation.
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33. (original) The method of Claim 32, further comprising

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- 2 the steps of: generating a 2-manifold with nonzero boundary
- 3 triangulation of the hearing-aid shell from the watertight 2-
- 4 manifold triangulation of the hearing aid shell, by defining
- 5 vent holes therein; and merging the 2-manifold with nonzero
- 6 boundary triangulation of the vent and the 2-manifold with
- 7 nonzero boundary triangulation of the hearing-aid shell to
- 8 define a watertight 2-manifold triangulation of the hearing-
- 9 aid shell having a vent therein.
- 1 34. (original) A method of manufacturing a hearing-aid
- 2 shell, comprising the step of: thickening a three-dimensional
- 3 digital model of a hearing-aid shell surface using operations
- 4 that move each of a plurality of vertices on the shell surface
- 5 along a respective path that is normal to an inner shell
- 6 surface.
- 1 35. (original) The method of Claim 34, wherein the
- 2 digital model of the hearing-aid shell surface is thickened
- 3 sufficiently to support formation of a hearing-aid vent in a
- 4 wall thereof upon printing of the thickened digital model.
- 1 36. (original) The method of Claim 34, wherein the
- 2 thickened digital model of the hearing-aid shell is a
- 3 watertight digital model that is free of self-intersections.
- 1 37. (original) The method of Claim 34, wherein said
- 2 thickening step comprises:
- 3 nonuniformly thickening the three-dimensional digital
- 4 model of the hearing-aid shell surface about a
- 5 directed path that identifies a desired location of
- an undersurface hearing-aid vent, to determine a
- 7 partially offset inner shell surface; and
- 8 uniformly thickening the three-dimensional digital model
- 9 of the hearing-aid shell surface relative to the

- 10 partially offset inner shell surface to determine an 11 entirely offset inner shell surface.
- 1 38. (original) The method of Claim 34, wherein said
 2 thickening step comprises:
- nonuniformly thickening the three-dimensional digital
 model of the hearing-aid shell surface to determine
 a partially offset inner shell surface; and
 nonuniformly thickening the three-dimensional digital
 model of the hearing-aid shell surface having the
 partially offset inner shell surface to determine an
 entirely offset inner shell surface.
 - 39. (currently amended) The method of Claim 34, wherein the three-dimensional digital model of [[a]] the hearing-aid shell surface is a surface triangulation; and wherein said thickening step is followed by the step of printing the hearing-aid shell based on the thickened digital model.
- 40. (original) An automated hearing-aid shellmanufacturing system, comprising:
- a computer-readable storage medium having computerreadable program code embodied in said medium, said computer-readable program code comprising:
- computer-readable program code that generates a first digital model of a hearing-aid shell from point cloud data; and computer-readable program code that determines whether first internal hearing-aid components can fit properly within an interior volume of the first digital model of the hearing-aid shell.
- 41. (original) The manufacturing system of Claim 40,wherein said computer-readable program code further comprises:

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3 computer-readable program code that generates a second 4 digital model of a hearing-aid shell that is larger 5 than the first digital model, from the point cloud 6 data; and 7 computer-readable program code that determines whether 8 the first internal hearing-aid components can fit 9 properly within an interior volume of the second 10 digital model of the hearing-aid shell.

- 1 42. (original) The manufacturing system of Claim 41, 2 wherein the first digital model is a completely-in-ear-canal 3 (CIC) digital model and the second digital model is an in-the-4 ear (ITE) digital model.
- 43. (original) An automated hearing-aid shellmanufacturing system, comprising:
- a scanning tool that generates point cloud data

 describing a shape of at least a portion of an ear

 canal of a subject, from the ear canal of the

 subject or an impression of the ear canal of the

 subject; and
- a computer-readable storage medium having computerreadable program code embodied in said medium, said
 computer-readable program code comprising: computerreadable program code that generates a digital model
 of a hearing-aid shell from the point cloud data;
 and
- computer-readable program code that determines whether
 size specifications of internal hearing-aid
 components are compatible with an interior volume of
 the digital model of the hearing-aid shell.
- 44. (original) The manufacturing system of Claim 43,wherein said computer-readable storage medium comprises

- 3 computer-readable program code that determines whether size
- 4 specifications of internal hearing-aid components loaded from
- 5 an internet site or electronic file are compatible with an
- 6 interior volume of the digital model of the hearing-aid shell.
- 1 45. (original) The manufacturing system of Claim 43,
- 2 wherein said computer-readable storage medium comprises
- 3 computer-readable program code that generates a digital model
- 4 of a hearing-aid shell surface as a 2-manifold with nonzero
- 5 boundary from the point cloud data and nonuniformly thickens
- 6 the shell surface about a directed path that identifies a
- 7 desired location of an undersurface hearing-aid vent.
- 1 46. (original) The manufacturing system of Claim 45,
- 2 wherein the point cloud data is a 2-manifold triangulation or
- 3 2-manifold with nonzero boundary triangulation; and wherein
- 4 said computer-readable storage medium comprises computer-
- 5 readable program code that generates a digital model of a vent
- 6 in the nonuniformly thickened shell surface at a location
- 7 proximate the directed path.
- 1 47. (original) The manufacturing system of Claim 43.
- 2 wherein said computer-readable storage medium comprises
- 3 computer-readable program code that generates a digital model
- 4 of a hearing-aid shell surface as a 2-manifold with nonzero
- 5 boundary from the point cloud data and thickens the shell
- 6 surface using operations that move each of a plurality of
- 7 vertices on the shell surface along a respective path that is
- 8 normal to an inner shell surface.
- 1 48. (original) The manufacturing system of Claim 47,
- 2 wherein said computer-readable storage medium comprises
- 3 computer-readable program code that generates a digital model
- 4 of a vent in the thickened shell surface.

- 49. (original) The manufacturing system of Claim 48,
 wherein said computer-readable storage medium comprises
 computer-readable program code that determines whether size
 specifications of internal hearing-aid components loaded from
 an internet site or electronic file are compatible with an
 interior volume of the digital model of the hearing-aid shell.
- 1 50. (original) A method of generating a digital model of 2 a hearing-aid shell, comprising the step of: generating a 3 three-dimensional model of a hearing-aid shell surface by 4 modifying a shape of a first digital model of a positive or 5 negative representation of at least a portion of an ear canal 6 of a subject to more closely conform to a shape of a digital 7 template of a hearing-aid shell and/or modifying the shape of 8 the digital template to more closely conform to the shape of 9 the first digital model.
- 1 51. (original) The method of Claim 50, wherein said 2 generating step is preceded by the steps of: 3 generating point cloud data describing a shape of at 4 least a portion of an ear canal of a subject by 5 scanning either the ear canal of the subject or an 6 impression of the ear canal of the subject; 7 generating a volume triangulation from the point cloud 8 data; and 9 generating the first digital model as a surface 10 triangulation that is a 2-manifold or 2-manifold 11 with nonzero boundary.
- 1 52. (original) The method of Claim 50, further comprising 2 the step of: nonuniformly thickening the three-dimensional 3 model of the hearing-aid shell surface using operations that 4 move each of a plurality of vertices on the shell surface

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- 5 along a respective path that is normal to an inner shell
- 6 surface.
- 1 53. (original) A method of manufacturing a hearing-aid
- 2 shell, comprising the steps of:
- 3 generating a first digital representation of a positive
- 4 or negative image of at least a portion of an ear
- 5 canal of a subject;
- 6 generating a second digital representation of a hearing-
- 7 aid shell that has a shape that conforms to the ear
- 8 canal of the subject; and
- 9 printing a hearing-aid shell that conforms to the ear
- 10 canal of the subject, based on the second digital
- 11 representation.
- 1 54. (original) The method of Claim 53, wherein the first
- 2 digital representation is a representation selected from the
- 3 group consisting of a point cloud representation, a 2-manifold
- 4 triangulation and a 2-manifold with nonzero boundary
- 5 triangulation.
- 1 55. (original) The method of Claim 53, wherein said step
- 2 of generating a second digital representation comprises the
- 3 step of modifying a shape of the first digital representation
- 4 to more closely conform to a shape of a digital template of a
- 5 hearing-aid shell and/or modifying the shape of the digital
- 6 template to more closely conform to the shape of the first
- 7 digital representation.
- 1 56. (original) The method of Claim 53, wherein said step
- 2 of generating a second digital representation comprises the
- 3 steps of: generating a three-dimensional model of a hearing-
- 4 aid shell surface that is a 2-manifold or 2-manifold with
- 5 nonzero boundary; and thickening the three-dimensional model

- 6 of the hearing-aid shell surface using operations that move
- 7 each of a plurality of vertices on the shell surface along a
- 8 respective path that is normal to an inner shell surface.
- 1 57. (original) The method of Claim 53, wherein said step
- 2 of generating a second digital representation comprises the
- 3 steps of: generating a three-dimensional model of a hearing-
- 4 aid shell surface that is a 2-manifold or 2-manifold with
- 5 nonzero boundary; and nonuniformly thickening the three-
- 6 dimensional model of the hearing-aid shell surface about a
- 7 directed path thereon to define a thickened model.
- 1 58. (original) The method of Claim 57, further comprising
- 2 the step of generating an undersurface hearing-aid vent in the
- 3 thickened model of the shell surface, at a location proximate
- 4 the directed path.
- 1 59. (currently amended) The method of Claim 58, further
- 2 comprising the step of uniformly thickening the three-
- 3 dimensional model of the shell surface relative to the
- 4 partially offset inner shell surface to determine an entirely
- 5 offset inner shell surface, and wherein said nonuniformly
- 6 thickening step comprises the step[[s]] of[[:]] nonuniformly
- 7 thickening the three-dimensional model of the hearing-aid
- 8 shell surface about the directed path to determine a partially
- 9 offset inner shell surface. 7 and
- 10 uniformly thickening the three-dimensional model of the
- 11 shell surface relative to the partially offset inner
- 12 shell surface to determine an entirely offset inner
- 13 shell surface.
- 1 60. (original) An automated hearing-aid shell
- 2 manufacturing system, comprising:

3	a scanning tool that generates point cloud data
4	describing a shape of at least a portion of an ear
5	canal of a subject, from the ear canal of the
6	subject or an impression of the ear canal of the
7	subject; and
8	a computer-aided design tool that is communicatively
9	coupled to said scanning tool, said computer-aided
10	design tool comprising:
11	a display; and
12	a computer system communicatively coupled to said
13	display, said computer system comprising a
14	processor and a computer program product
15	readable by the processor and tangibly
16	embodying a program of instructions executable
17	by the processor to perform the method steps
18	of:
19	generating a first digital model of at least a
20	portion of the ear canal of the subject
21	from the point cloud data;
22	aligning a digital template of a hearing-aid
23	shell with the first digital model; and
24	generating a three-dimensional model of a
25	hearing-aid shell surface by modifying a
26	shape of the digital template to more
27	closely conform to a shape of the first
28	digital model and/or modifying the shape
29	of the first digital model to more closely
30	conform to the shape of the digital
31	template.

1 61. (currently amended) The manufacturing system of Claim
2 60, wherein the three-dimensional model of [[a]] the hearing3 aid shell surface is a 2-manifold triangulation or a 2-

4 manifold with nonzero boundary triangulation; and wherein said

- 5 generating step is followed by the step of thickening the
- 6 three-dimensional model of a hearing-aid shell surface by
- 7 moving each of a plurality of vertices on the shell surface
- 8 along a respective path that is normal to an inner shell
- 9 surface.
- 1 62. (currently amended) The manufacturing system of Claim
- 2 61, wherein said thickening step comprises nonuniformly
- 3 thickening the three-dimensional model of [[a]] the hearing-
- 4 aid shell surface about a directed path thereon that
- 5 identifies a desired location of an undersurface vent.
- 1 63. (currently amended) The manufacturing system of Claim
- 2 62, wherein said nonuniformly thickening step comprises
- 3 nonuniformly thickening the three-dimensional model of [[a]]
- 4 the hearing-aid shell surface using a bump function
- 5 constructed around a kernel defined by the directed path.
- 1 64. (currently amended) The manufacturing system of Claim
- 2 63, wherein said nonuniformly thickening step is followed by
- 3 the steps of:
- 4 aligning a digital model of a frame to the thickened
- 5 three-dimensional model of [[a]] the hearing-aid
- 6 shell surface; and
- 7 modifying a shape of the thickened three-dimensional
- 8 model of a hearing-aid shell surface to be matingly
- 9 compatible with the digital model of the frame.
- 1 65. (currently amended) The manufacturing system of Claim
- 2 63, wherein said nonuniformly thickening step is followed by
- 3 the steps of:
- 4 attaching a digital faceplate model to the thickened
- 5 three-dimensional model of [[a]] the hearing-aid
- 6 shell surface; and

- trimming away portions of the digital faceplate model
 that are outside an area of intersection between the
 digital faceplate model and the thickened three-
- dimensional model of a hearing-aid shell surface.
- 1 66. (original) The manufacturing system of Claim 65,
- 2 wherein said trimming step is followed by the step of:
- 3 digitally smoothing edges of the digital faceplate model.
- 1 67. (currently amended) The manufacturing system of Claim
- 2 66, further comprising: a three-dimensional printer that is
- 3 communicatively coupled to said computer-aided design tool and
- 4 prints the thickened three-dimensional model of [[a]] the
- 5 hearing-aid shell surface and digital faceplate model attached
- 6 thereto, in response to a command from said computer-aided
- 7 design tool.
- 1 68. (currently amended) The manufacturing system of Claim
- 2 64, further comprising: a three-dimensional printer that is
- 3 communicatively coupled to said computer-aided design tool and
- 4 prints the modified shape of the thickened three-dimensional
- 5 model of [[a]] the hearing-aid shell surface in response to a
- 6 command from said computer-aided design tool.
- 1 69. (currently amended) The manufacturing system of Claim
- 2 60, wherein the digital template of [[a]] the hearing-aid
- 3 shell has an outer surface and an inner surface spaced from
- 4 the outer surface.
- 1 70. (currently amended) The manufacturing system of Claim
- 2 69, wherein the digital template of [[a]] the hearing-aid
- 3 shell is a watertight model that is free of self-
- 4 intersections.

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         71. (currently amended) The manufacturing system of Claim
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    70, wherein the digital template of [[a]] the hearing-aid
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    shell is a 2-manifold triangulation having a vent therein.
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         72. (currently amended) A method of generating a digital
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    model of a hearing-aid shell, comprising the step of:
3
         generating a first three-dimensional digital model of a
4
              hearing-aid shell; printing [[a]] the hearing-aid
5
              shell based on the first three-dimensional digital
6
              model;
7
         generating point cloud data by scanning the printed
8
              hearing-aid shell; and
9
         generating a second three-dimensional digital model of a
10
              hearing-aid shell surface from the point cloud data.
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         73. (currently amended) The method of Claim 72, further
2
    comprising the step of: digitally comparing the second three-
3
    dimensional digital model of [[a]] the hearing-aid shell
4
    surface against at least a portion of a first three-
5
    dimensional digital model of a hearing-aid shell to detect
6
    differences therebetween.
         74. (currently amended) The method of Claim 72, wherein
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    said step of generating a first three-dimensional digital
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    model is preceded by the step of generating an initial three-
4
    dimensional digital model of [[a]] the hearing-aid shell
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    surface by modifying a shape of a first digital model of a
6
    positive or negative representation of at least a portion of
7
    an ear canal of a subject to more closely conform to a shape
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    of a digital template of a hearing-aid shell and/or modifying
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    the shape of the digital template to more closely conform to
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the shape of the first digital model.

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75. (currently amended) The method of Claim 74, further comprising the step of: digitally comparing the second three-dimensional model of [[a]] the hearing-aid shell surface against the initial three-dimensional model of a hearing-aid shell surface to detect differences therebetween.

76. (original) A method of generating a three-dimensional digital model of a hearing-aid shell, comprising the steps of: generating an intermediate model of a hearing-aid shell having a partially offset inner surface by locally thickening a three-dimensional model of a hearingaid shell surface using operations that move each of a plurality of vertices on the shell surface along a respective path that is defined by a respective normalized adjusted normal to the shell surface; and then globally or locally thickening the intermediate model to define an entirely offset inner surface of a thickened model of the shell surface, using operations that move each of a plurality of vertices on the partially offset inner surface along a respective path that is defined by a respective normalized readjusted normal to the partially offset

77. (currently amended) The method of Claim 76, wherein said locally thickening step comprises locally thickening a three-dimensional model of [[a]] the hearing-aid shell surface using operations that move each of a plurality of vertices on the shell surface that are within a support of a bump function along a respective path that is defined by a respective normalized adjusted normal.

inner surface.

- 1 78. (currently amended) The method of Claim 77, wherein
- 2 said locally thickening step is preceded by the step of
- 3 designating a location of an undersurface hearing-aid vent on
- 4 the shell surface; and wherein said locally thickening step
- 5 comprises locally thickening a three-dimensional model of
- 6 [[a]] the hearing-aid shell surface using operations that move
- 7 each of a plurality of vertices on the shell surface a
- 8 distance no less than about 2r+2w-s, where r designates a
- 9 radius of the vent, w designates a wall thickness and s
- 10 designates a shell thickness.
- 1 79. (original) The method of Claim 78, wherein said step
- 2 of globally or locally thickening the intermediate model is
- 3 followed by the step of repairing self-intersections on the
- 4 entirely offset inner surface.
- 1 80. (original) The method of Claim 79, further comprising
- 2 the step of generating an undersurface hearing-aid vent in the
- 3 thickened model of the shell surface.